

bacteriophage, and (ii) encodes a conditionally suppressible cistron for expression of a matrix anchor protein and a fusion protein that comprises:

- E-1*
Cont
- a) a promoter for transcribing the cistron,
 - b) a first upstream translatable sequence that encodes a lambdoid bacteriophage [pV polypeptide] ~~matrix anchor~~ ^{head or tail} protein,
 - c) a first ribosome binding site to initiate translation of said upstream translatable sequence,
 - d) a second translatable sequence operatively linked downstream to said first translatable sequence that (i) encodes a linker polypeptide in frame with said [pV polypeptide] ~~matrix anchor~~ ^{Head or Tail} protein and (ii) includes a sequence adapted for ligation of an insert polynucleotide that defines a third translatable sequence downstream from said second translatable sequence that encodes a preselected polypeptide, and
 - e) a suppressor termination codon within said second translatable sequence that upon suppression results in read-through to form a fusion polypeptide consisting of said ~~pV polypeptide~~ ^{matrix anchor protein}, linker polypeptide and preselected polypeptide.

E-2

59. A recombinant lambdoid bacteriophage comprising a matrix of proteins encapsulating a lambdoid genome encoding a fusion protein, said matrix including said fusion protein, surface accessible in said matrix, and said fusion protein consists of, in the direction of amino terminus to carboxy terminus, a lambdoid bacteriophage [pV polypeptide] ~~matrix anchor~~ ^{Head or Tail} protein, a linker polypeptide and a preselected polypeptide.

REMARKS

Claims 57 and 59 have been amended to define the invention with more clarity and particularity. Support for the amendments